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AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1. (Currently amended) A method of transmitting a code division multiple access (CDMA) frame in a cellular communications network, the method comprising:

providing the CDMA frame so as to include a plurality of slots and at least a portion of a transmission gap (TG);

defining the transmission gap using both a reduced spreading factor (SF) and increased redundancy of information bits to be transmitted; [[and]]

transmitting the frame, including the plurality of slots, on a channel;

wherein the frame is transmitted on one of an uplink and a downlink;

spreading the information bits to be transmitted on a higher rate data signature

sequence to produce a coded information signal; and

intermittently transmitting coded information signals in a compressed mode using the reduced spreading factor with a reduced spreading ratio, wherein a frame transmitted in the compressed mode includes a first part having a time duration of less than a duration of the entire frame and a second part also having a time duration of less than the duration of the entire frame.

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- 2. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein said transmitting step comprises transmitting the frame on an uplink from a mobile station (MS) to a base station (BS) in the network.
- 3. (Previously presented) The method of claim 2, wherein the channel is a dedicated physical data channel.
- 4. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein the transmission gap is located between first and second slots in the frame.
- 5. (Original) The method of claim 2, further comprising reducing the spreading factor by a factor of two, and increasing the redundancy of information bits to be transmitted so that the transmission gap length is less than a length of half the frame.
- 6. (Original) The method of claim 5, wherein the frame is a radio frame comprising fifteen time slots.
 - 7. (Canceled)
- 8 (Previously presented) A method of transmitting spread spectrum frames, the method comprising:

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providing data to be transmitted on a channel,

spreading a first portion of the data on a higher rate sequence using a first spreading factor to produce a first coded information signal including a first frame including a plurality of slots,

transmitting the first frame, including all slots thereof, on the channel;

forming a compressed mode frame by spreading a second portion of the data on a higher rate sequence using a second spreading factor to produce a second coded information signal including a second frame, wherein the second spreading factor is less than the first spreading factor so that the second frame includes at least a portion of a transmission gap having a length less than half the number of total slots in the second frame;

defining a length of the transmission gap using both increased redundancy of bits on a transport channel and the second spreading factor so that the transmission gap has a length less than a length of half the second frame; and

transmitting the second frame on the channel.

9. (Canceled)

10 (Previously presented) A compressed mode spread spectrum frame to be transmitted on a channel, the frame comprising:

a plurality of time slots;

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a transmission gap provided between first and second ones of the time slots in the frame; and

wherein a length of the transmission gap is less than half of a time length of the entire frame, with the transmission gap length being defined at least in part by using a first spreading factor reduced by a factor of two relative to a second spreading factor which also may be used on the channel, and increased redundancy of bits to be transmitted, and the frame is either an uplink frame or a downlink frame.

11-31. (Canceled)